INTEGRATED OPTOELECTRIC SYSTEM OF VOLTAGE DETECTION
WITH TOTAL SAFETY GUARANTEED BY GALVANIC INSULATION AND
INTERNAL FAULT SUPERVISION



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1. PREVIEW

Following instructions are intended for:

- a guide for mounting and setting up the apparatus;
- indicate a series of control and operations that allow to maintain efficient the supervision and indication of high voltage presence in order to work in safe condition;
- indicate the principal elements and devices composing the complex.

2. GENERAL

Optoelectric complex is able to detect high voltage presence and activate a change-over contact to remote this condition for far control.

The low power signal generated by capacitor divider is only of few uA but is sufficient to power the high voltage detecting device (HVD3/RC/DI) which gives a led indication on front of presence/absence of high voltage and another synchronous signal for optical link with relay (RHV/R/DI).

RHV/R/DI is also provided with internal continuous supervision diagnostic control which watches the correct work of all electronic circuit and changeover contact and more over the optical signal coming from HVD3/RC/DI and compare the state of absence or presence of high voltage optical information coming from HVD3/RC/DI with its state and the state of contact; possible mismatch , symptom of fault, are brought out by a contact.

Another type of fault which can be found by the complex is the brackdown of each part composing the chain from divider capacito to optical light generation; this because each fault causes a sudden loss of light of one phase wich is a not valid condition in a three phase system. The principle before described is based on the similarity of state of presence or absence of high voltage in three phase system, so the three phases are all always on or off but is not possible to have different state on different phases.

It is clear that according to the previous principle a simultaneous fault on the three phases can't be detect, even if this is a very remote possibility.

3. STANDAR REFERENCES

Valid both for HVD3/RC/DI and RHV/R/DI

ENEL: GLI, R EMC 01 and R CLI 01

- INSULATION & DIELECTRIC TEST

GLI 1: Impulse voltage test (MC-5kV, MD-2kV)

GLI 2: Dielectric test (MC-2kV)

GLI 3: Insulation resistance (R>100Mohm)

- CEI EN 61000-4-2 ESD (Electrostatic discharge)

HV substation environment (H): level 4 (8kV/contact - 15kV/air)

- CEI EN 61000-4-4 EFT (Electrical fast transient)

HV substation environment (H)

Power and signal port: level 4 (4kV)

- CEI EN 61000-4-5 SURGE

HV substation environment (H)

Power port: level 4 (MC-4kV, MD-2kV)

- CEI EN 61000-4-8 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIEDS 50Hz

HV substation environment (H)

Case: level 5 (1000A/m)

- CEI EN 61000-4-10 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS 0,1-1MHz

HV substation environment (H)

Case: level 5 (100A/m)

- CEI EN 61000-4-12 RING-WAVE AND ARRESTED WAVE 0,1-1MHz

HV substation environment (H)

Power port: c.c.-c.a.: arrested wave level 3 (MC-2,5kV,MD-1kV)

Signal port: arrested wave level 2 (MC-1kV,MD-0,5kV)

Signal port: ring-wave level 3 (MC-2kV,MD-1kV)

4. DESCRIPTION

The complex is mounted on a metallic plate which must be screwed on front panel; the two devices are on their turn mounted on the plate from top to bottom following this order:

- HVD3/RC/DI Optoelectric high voltage detector auto powered

- RHV/R/DI/ Relay for remote control, actuation and continuous supervision of the state of presence/absence of high voltage

4.1 HVD3/RC/DI

This VDS is based on the sharing of voltage between capacitor C1 (high voltage) and capacitor C2 (low voltage); the signal at C2 terminals is transformed in an optical signal, which separately points out voltage and phase of the line involved.

Thanks to this new system the signals of voltage get to the operator through a galvanic (optical) insulation, which never transfers voltage, even in case of failure of capacitor C1.

The IEC Standard 61243-5 1997-06 is applicable to our Voltage indicator. At page 11 point 1.2, the standard concerns VDS "based on fundamentally different principles (for examples optical systems, " ...); they "should meet the requirements of this standard where applicable."

- Optical Integrated VDS Voltage detecting system in accordance with IEC 61243-5
- The VDS supplies continuously :
 - an impulsive optical signal for local voltage indication
 - a synchronous optical signal to be analysed by phase comparator (HVFD) or to be connected for remote voltage indication by special relay (RHV or 3RHV)
- LED life time guaranteed min. 30 years
- Surge arresters does not applied because only optical signals are available on the front of panel

Technical features

High voltage :	
Suitable for K152SR ELASTIMOLD BUSHING Conform to ENEL: GLI, R EMC 01 and R CLI 01	
IP degree protection :IP64	
*Versions with customized features can be provided.	

Material

4.2 RHV/R/DI

With this device you can achieve the better protection because of the galvanic insulation guaranteed by optical link, moreover with the continuous internal fault supervision you are sure the information you get is correct.

Due to its reliability is approved in high voltage hybrid by ENEL customer such as ABB Adda, Siemens, Alstom.

The possibility of control of same voltage condition of the optical signal coming from phases assures that any danger situation such as a fault in voltage detector or a breakdown of an optical fiber or the contact loss of a faston are quickly noticed by a contact of alarm.

The fully sealed resin incapsulated box is a winning choice to avoid problems with temperature variation, humidity, shocks and all the typical stress of electromechanical environments.

- Optical relay for local and remote indication of voltage presence with an extra contact for fault
- The device supplies continuously :
- A front indication by led of auxiliary power on;
- A front indication of high voltage presence by a led: this condition is true if even only one optical rear input is on or one phase is present;
- A front indication of high voltage absence by a led: this condition is true if all the three rear optical inputs are off simultaneously
- A rear change-over contact for remote indication of voltage presence/absence
- A rear change over contact for remote indication of internal fault or the all 3 optical input have not the same voltage condition

Technical features	
Nominal voltage :	
Dielectric strength :275KV Surge strength :650KV IP degree protection :IP64(*	
Relè features Contacts Material :	
Material Box : Polyurethan resin (2-component) Connection input :optical fiber output :FASTON 6.3X0.8	

5 OPERATION

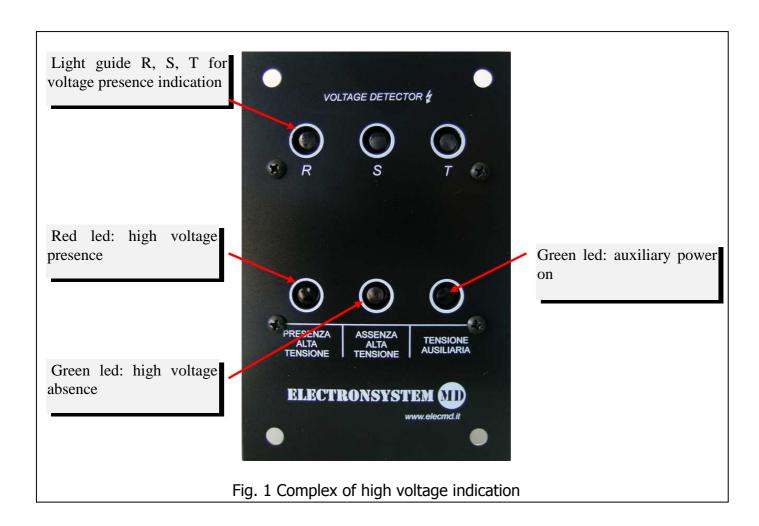
The complex is able to verify the presence of high voltage and excite the change-over contact of relay for remote control and to avoid mistaken automatic switching.

Locally is present a led indication for quick indication of high voltage presence both on HVD3/RC/DI and RHV/R/DI.

HVD3/RC/DI gives single local phase indication by flashing light (Fig. 1) to monitor if each phase is on high voltage or not. This indication appear even with no auxiliary voltage. Even RHV/R/DI gives locally the state of high voltage presence/absence by a red or green le

Even RHV/R/DI gives locally the state of high voltage presence/absence by a red or green led respectively.

When led red of high voltage presence is on the related change-over contact of remote control is excited. The indication of high voltage presence is on even if only one phase is on in order to have the best safety condition for personnel maintenance and avoid mistaken switching. RHV/R/DI has moreover a change-over contact for fault remote indication. In the following page we show how to connect this contact in order to have a local yellow indication of fault so is possible to have a real time net situation and supervision.



5.1 FAULT SITUATION PROCEEDING

In case of fault you must preliminary control:

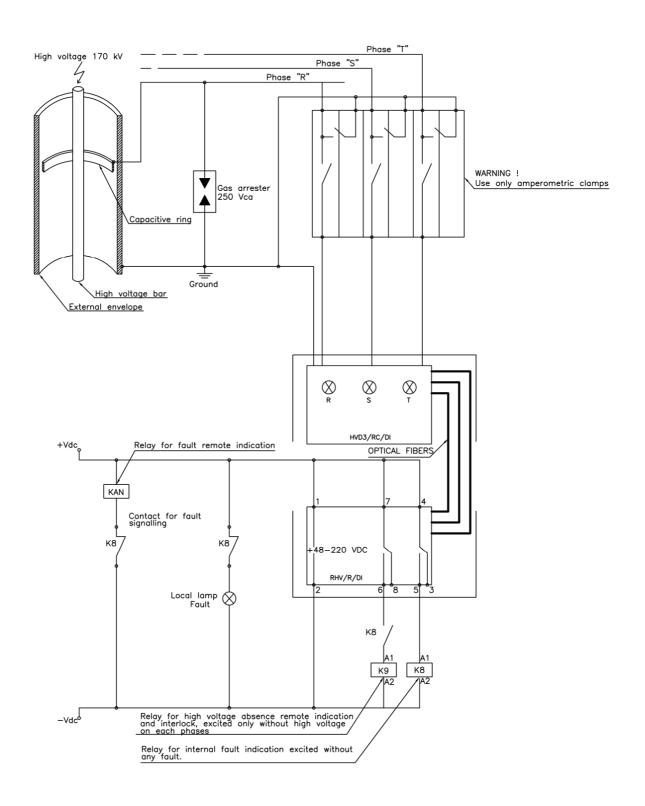
- Green led of RHV/R/DI "auxiliary voltage" must be on, otherwise turn on auxiliary voltage.

Fault condition: research of interested phase

The following proceedings indicate how to individuate the phase under fault and which can be the possible causes:

- 1. Control that each light guide of phase R, S, and T of HVD3/RC/DI are flashing (Fig. 1); if one of the phases is not flashing jump at point 7).
- Control optical fibers are integer , not bent at corner and well inserted into optical receivers present on the back of RHV/R/DI and well inserted into optical connectors present on back of HVD3/RC/DI.
- 3. Unlink optical fibers from the three blue optical receivers of RHV/R/DI and verify they are illuminated at the end by red light; if one or more fibers are dark or dim light jump to point 4) otherwise jump to point 6).
- 4. Unlink the dark fiber/s from complex and control if the fiber is broken or doesn't guide the light; if the fiber is not good replace it, otherwise jump to 5).
- 5. Control that the phase from which you have unlink the previous fiber is flashing both on front and back of device HVD3/RC/DI with red light; if the phase is not flashing replace HVD3/RC/DI (BE CAREFUL IN HVD£/RC/DI REPLACEMENT: before unlink cable coming from divider capacitor from plugs be sure you have short circuit the amperometric plugs to earth).
- 6. Control that inside the blu optical receive of RHV/R/DI there is no dirt; is the connector is clear replace RHV/R/DI.
- 7. Control that electrical cable coming from divider capacitors are not broken or cut, well plugged and integer. If the calbes are good replace HVD3/RC/DI.

5.2 SCHEMA DEI COLLEGAMENTI



6 SHIPMENT

The complex is shipped completely mounted on the plate but with optical fibers unlinked to avoid injures.

7 STORAGE

If the complex must be storage before use, please keep dry and repaired from cold and hot climates, respecting the original position of case. Move and take care to prevent injures.

8 CONTROL

Opening the case control the complex is no damaged and if optical fibers are present.

